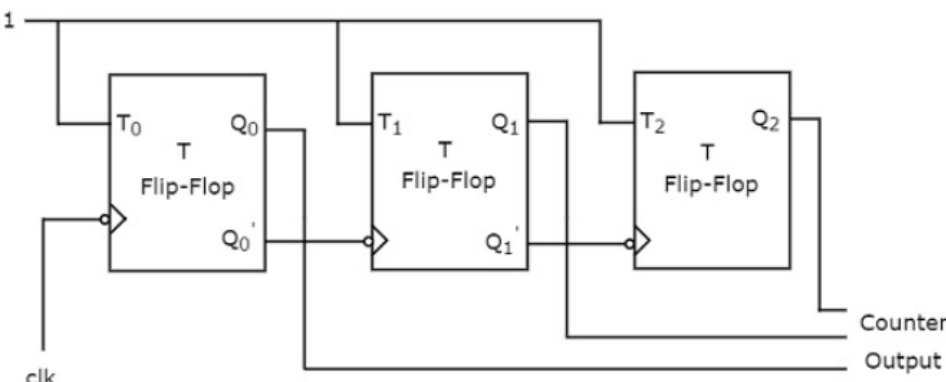


Instructions to the Students:

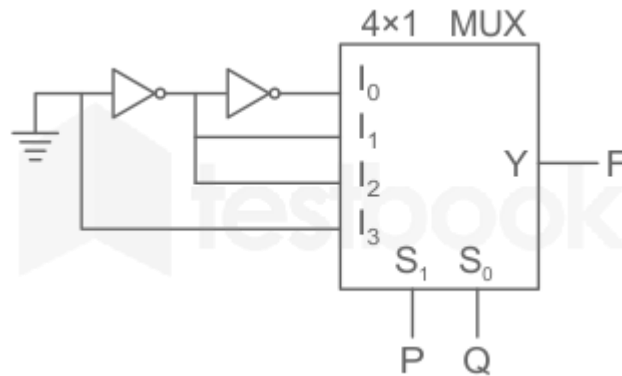
1. All the questions are compulsory.
2. The level of question/expected answer as per OBE or the Course Outcome (CO) on which the question is based is mentioned in () in front of the question.
3. Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed.
4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary and mention it clearly.

	(Level/CO)	Marks
Q. 1 Solve Any Two of the following.		12
A) Convert the following Boolean equation into standard SOP and POS form. $F(A,B,C) = AB + AC' + BC$	L2	6
B) Write VHDL code for full adder using Structural architecture method.	L3	6
C) Explain TTL logic in detail.	L2	6
Q.2 Solve Any Two of the following.		12
A) Draw the counter output of the following sequential circuit using clock diagram.	L2	6
		
B) What is the difference between TTL and CMOS and ECL?	L2	6
C) Explain General Architecture of CPLD in detail.	L2	6
Q. 3 Solve Any Two of the following.		12
A) Draw the Moore state diagram for One bit Serial adder.	L2	6
B) Implement the following Boolean functions using PAL and PROM. $A(X,Y,Z) = \sum m(4,6,7)$, $B(X,Y,Z) = \sum m(2, 4, 5,6)$	L3	6

- C) Minimise the following function in SOP and POS form using K-Maps: L3 6
 $F(A, B, C, D) = m(1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15) + d(0, 3, 5, 12)$

Q.4 Solve Any Two of the following. 12

- A) Explain the universal shift register operation with diagram. L3 6
 B) The logic function is implemented by the multiplexer circuit is L3 6
 (“ground implies a logic 0”) find the output of F?



- C) Write VHDL code for 4-bit up counter. L3 6

Q. 5 Solve Any Two of the following. 12

- A) Implement the following function using L3 6
 i) multiplexer 8x1 ii) multiplexer 2x1
 $F(A,B,C,D) = m(0,1,3,5,7,10,11,14)$
 B) Design sequence detector to detect three or more consecutive 1's in L3 6
 string of bits coming through an input lines.
 C) i) What is disadvantage in SR flipflop? L2 6
 ii) What is difference between T flipflop and D flipflop?
 iii) Write down the next state equation of T flipflop.

*** End ***