

<b>DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE</b>			
<b>Regular &amp; Supplementary Winter Examination-2023</b>			
<b>Course: B. Tech.</b>	<b>Branch: ALL</b>	<b>Semester: III</b>	
<b>Subject Code &amp; Name: BTBS301/ BTES 301 Engineering Mathematics-III</b>			
<b>Max Marks: 60</b>	<b>Date: 02.01.2024</b>	<b>Duration: 3 Hr.</b>	
<b>Instructions to the Students:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. All the questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2. The level of question/expected answer as per OBE or the Course Outcome (CO) on which the question is based is mentioned in ( ) in front of the question.</li> <li>3. Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed.</li> <li>4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary and mention it clearly.</li> </ol>			
		(Level/CO)	Marks
<b>Q. 1</b>	<b>Solve Any Two of the following.</b>		<b>12</b>
A)	Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t^2 \sin 2t$	Understand/ CO1	6
B)	Find Laplace transform of $F(t) = \int_0^t \frac{e^{-at} - e^{-bt}}{t} dt$	Understand /CO1	6
C)	Find the Laplace transforms of $f(t) = \frac{t}{T}$ , for $0 < t < T$ (saw - tooth wave function of period T)	Apply/CO1	6
<b>Q.2</b>	<b>Solve Any Two of the following.</b>		<b>12</b>
A)	Find inverse Laplace transform of $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s+3}{2}\right)$	Understand /CO2	6
B)	By using Partial fraction expansion to find inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$	Understand /CO2	6
C)	Using the Laplace transform, solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \cos 2t$ ; if $x(0) = 1$ , $x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -1$ .	Apply/CO2	6
<b>Q. 3</b>	<b>Solve Any Two of the following.</b>		<b>12</b>
A)	Express the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for }  x  \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{for }  x  > 1 \end{cases}$ as a Fourier integral.	Understand /CO3	6
B)	Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = e^{- x }$ , and hence show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin mx}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi e^{-m}}{2}$ , $m > 0$ .	Understand /CO3	6
C)	Using Parseval's identity, show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{t^2}{(4+t^2)(9+t^2)} dt = \frac{\pi}{10}$	Apply/CO3	6
<b>Q.4</b>	<b>Solve Any Two of the following.</b>		<b>12</b>
A)	Solve the following partial differential equations $(mx - ny)p + (nx - lz)q = ly - mx$	Understand /CO4	6

<b>B)</b>	A string is stretched and fastened to two points $l$ apart. Motion is started by replacing the string in the form $y = A \sin \frac{\pi x}{l}$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$ . Show that the displacement of a point at a distance $x$ from one end at time $t$ is given by $y(x, t) = A \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{\pi ct}{l}$ .	<b>Apply/CO4</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>C)</b>	Solve the following equation by the method of separation of variables: $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} = e^{-t} \cos x$ , given that $u = 0$ when $t = 0$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ when $x = 0$ .	<b>Apply /CO4</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Q. 5</b>	<b>Solve Any Two of the following.</b>		<b>12</b>
<b>A)</b>	If $f(z)$ is analytic, show that $\left[ \frac{\partial  f(z) }{\partial x} \right]^2 + \left[ \frac{\partial  f(z) }{\partial y} \right]^2 =  f'(z) ^2$ .	<b>Understand /CO5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>B)</b>	Apply Cauchy's integral Formula to evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^{-z}}{z+1} dz$ , where $C$ is the circle <b>(a)</b> $ z  = 2$ and <b>(b)</b> $ z  = \frac{1}{2}$ .	<b>Apply/CO5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>C)</b>	State Cauchy's residue theorem and evaluate $\oint_C \tan z dz$ , where $C$ is the circle $ z  = 2$ .	<b>Apply /CO5</b>	<b>6</b>
	<b>*** End ***</b>		